

Fluid Mechanics

1. A crate with dimensions of $2.00\text{ m} \times 3.00\text{ m} \times 5.00\text{ m}$ is immersed in sea water ($\rho = 1.025 \times 10^3\text{ kg/m}^3$) with the 3.00×2.00 sides as the top and bottom. The crate is held with a cable so that the top is 20.0 m below the surface of the water.

a. Calculate the hydrostatic pressure on the top of the crate and on the bottom of the crate.

b. Find the absolute pressure at the top and at the bottom of the crate. ($P_0 = 1.01 \times 10^5\text{ N/m}^2$)

c. Find the forces exerted on the top and on the bottom of the crate by these pressures.

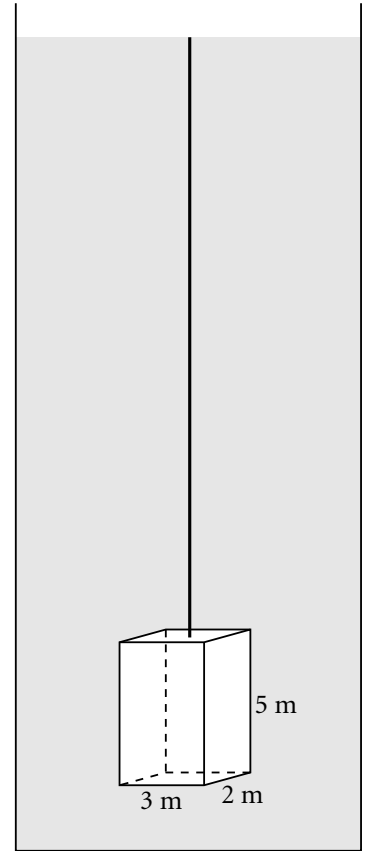
d. On the diagram at right, sketch in vectors representing the direction and magnitude of these forces.

e. What is the net force exerted by the water on the crate?

f. The crate's weight is $2.50 \times 10^6\text{ N}$. Will it sink when the cable is cut? Explain.

g. Calculate the volume of the crate.

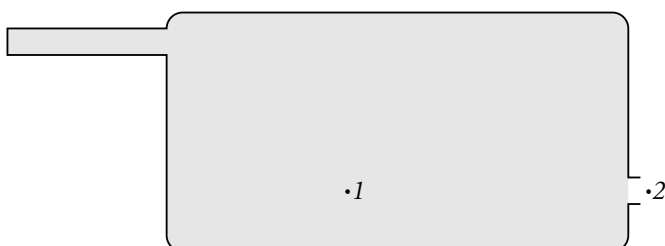
h. Use Archimedes' principle to find the buoyant force on the crate. How is it related to your answer to item e?



Chapter **9**

HOLT PHYSICS
Mixed Review *continued*

2. A very large boiler has a very small opening near the bottom, as shown in the diagram below. Water ($\rho = 1.00 \times 10^3 \text{ kg/m}^3$) is constantly added through the top of the boiler to keep the boiler full. Pressure at the point labeled 1 is $1.00 \times 10^6 \text{ N/m}^2$ above atmospheric pressure ($P_0 = 1.01 \times 10^5 \text{ N/m}^2$).



- a. Write the general form of Bernoulli's equation for the points labeled 1 and 2.

- b. Explain why $h_1 = h_2$ in this case. Write the simplified form of Bernoulli's equation that results from this conclusion.

- c. Can you assume that v_1 is approximately zero? Explain.

- d. Write the reduced form of Bernoulli's equation that results from this assumption.

- e. How does P_2 compare with the atmospheric pressure P_0 ? How does it compare with P_1 ?

- f. Use this information to find the rate of flow of water out of the small opening. (Hint: solve Bernoulli's equation for v_2).

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