

Section Overview

Solving Systems of Linear Equations

Lesson 6-1, 6-2, 6-3

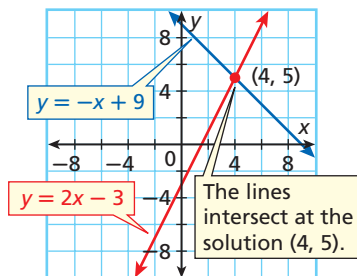
Why? Systems of linear equations are used to represent situations and solve problems involving consumer economics, finance, and geometry.

A system of linear equations is a set of two or more linear equations containing two or more variables.

$$\begin{cases} y = -x + 9 \\ y = 2x - 3 \end{cases}$$

Solving by Graphing

$$\begin{cases} y = -x + 9 \\ y = 2x - 3 \end{cases}$$



Solving by Substitution

$$\begin{cases} y = -x + 9 \\ y = 2x - 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x - 3 = -x + 9 \\ + x \quad \quad + x \\ \hline 3x - 3 = 9 \\ + 3 \quad \quad + 3 \\ \hline 3x = 12 \end{array}$$

Substitute $2x - 3$ for y in the first equation, and solve for x .

$$\begin{array}{r} \frac{3x}{3} = \frac{12}{3} \\ x = 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} y = -x + 9 \\ y = -(4) + 9 \\ y = 5 \end{array}$$

Substitute 4 for x in one of the original equations.

The solution is $(4, 5)$.

Solving by Elimination

$$\begin{cases} y + x = 9 \\ y - 2x = -3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} y + x = 9 \\ -(y - 2x = -3) \\ \hline 0y + 3x = 12 \\ \frac{3x}{3} = \frac{12}{3} \\ x = 4 \end{array}$$

Subtract the equations to eliminate the y terms, and solve for x .

$$\begin{array}{l} x + y = 9 \\ 4 + y = 9 \\ \hline -4 \quad -4 \\ y = 5 \end{array}$$

Substitute 4 for x in one of the original equations.

The solution is $(4, 5)$.

Check the solution by substituting for x and y in both equations.

$$\begin{array}{l|l} y = -x + 9 & \\ \hline 5 & -(4) + 9 \\ 5 & -4 + 9 \\ 5 & 5 \checkmark \end{array}$$

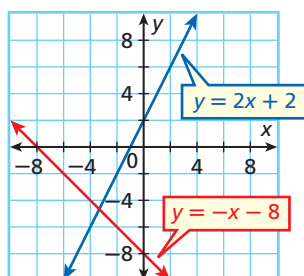
$$\begin{array}{l|l} y = 2x - 3 & \\ \hline 5 & 2(4) - 3 \\ 5 & 8 - 3 \\ 5 & 5 \checkmark \end{array}$$

The ordered pair $(4, 5)$ is the solution because it makes both equations true.

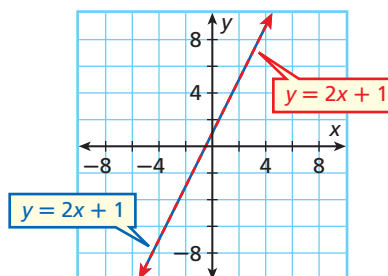
Solving Special Systems

Lesson 6-4

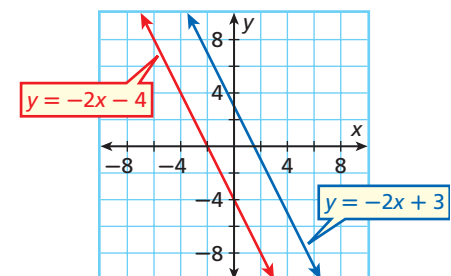
Why? Special systems of linear equations can represent real-world business situations in which there are no solutions or infinitely many solutions.



- intersecting lines
- one solution
- consistent and independent



- coinciding lines
- infinitely many solutions
- consistent and dependent



- parallel lines
- no solutions
- inconsistent